

One Region One Vision

Advancing dentistry together



30th BaSS Congress
Thessaloniki 7–9 May 2026
Met Hotel

Balkan
Stomatological
Society

BOOK OF ABSTRACTS

Secretariat



Tel. +357 99812240, Tel. +30 2310226250
info@mk-premium.com | www.mk-premium.com



Under the aegis of the
Hellenic Dental Association

Hellenic Republic
Ministry of the Interior
(Macedonia and Thrace Division)



Message from the President of the Balkan Stomatological Society (BaSS)

Dear colleagues,

It is great news for the members of Balkan Stomatological Society that we reached our 30th anniversary, so let's celebrate on 7-10 May, in the Thessaloniki meeting.

It is a great honour to address this distinguished gathering under the auspices of the Balkan Stomatological Society. The Balkans, a region where history, culture, and diversity intertwine, has always been a bridge connecting nations, ideas, and people. Dentistry, as both a science and a healing art, offers us yet another bridge one built not of politics or borders, but of knowledge, compassion, and collaboration.

In recent years, the exchange of expertise and research among Balkan universities has enriched our understanding of digital dentistry, biomaterials, and preventive care. These collaborations remind us that innovation grows not in isolation, but through shared experience and collective wisdom.

The challenges we face ranging from education disparities to public oral health are not unique to one nation; they are shared responsibilities that call for shared solutions.

Dear colleagues, dentistry unites us through the universal language of care. Let us honour that unity by building a future where the Balkan dental community continues to inspire, innovate, and support one another. Together, we can ensure that our shared legacy will be one of science, friendship, and humanity.

Please join us in the celebration photograph for the 30th anniversary of BASS; we are waiting for you.

Prof. Dr. Ender Kazazoglu
President of BASS

Message from the President of the 30th BaSS Congress

Dear Colleagues,

It is an honor and a great pleasure to invite you to the 30th anniversary Congress of the Balkan Stomatological Society (BaSS), which will take place on May 7–9, 2026, at the Met Hotel in Thessaloniki.

Under the inspiring motto “One Region—One Vision: Advancing Dentistry Together,” our Congress aspires to unite colleagues from across the Balkans and beyond, foster collaboration, share scientific knowledge, and shape the future of Dentistry in our region.

Dentistry today is experiencing rapid evolution through innovative technologies, advanced materials, and new treatment approaches. Yet, at its core, it remains a science centered on humans, closely linked with overall health and quality of life. The BaSS Congress provides a unique opportunity to reflect on our achievements, exchange experiences, and envision together the next steps in our professional journey.

The aims of this meeting are multiple: educational for our young colleagues, scientific for researchers and clinicians, and social for all, strengthening bonds of friendship and cultural connection across our region.

We are committed to delivering a high-level Scientific Congress that will expand our horizons and reinforce the unity and cooperation that always defined the Balkan Stomatological Society.

We look forward to welcoming you all to the historic and friendly city of Thessaloniki and advancing Dentistry together!

Warm regards,

Professor Athanasios K. Pouloupoulos
President of the 30th BaSS Congress

NUMBER	TITLE
OP.184	DIGITAL PROTOCOLS IN CONTEMPORARY IMPLANTOLOGY: THE VALUE OF OPEN-SOURCE SOFTWARE
OP.185	FULL-MOUTH REHABILITATION IN A PERIODONTALLY COMPROMISED PATIENT: MULTIDISCIPLINARY MANAGEMENT OF A CLINICAL CASE
OP.186	SIMULTANEOUS RETRIEVAL OF A ROOT DISPLACED INTO THE MAXILLARY SINUS WITH GRAFTLESS EXTERNAL SINUS ELEVATION AND IMPLANT PLACEMENT
OP.187	BIOMECHANICAL EFFECT OF PROSTHETIC SCREW ON SUBCRESTAL MORSE TAPER IMPLANT CONNECTIONS: A FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS
OP.188	FULL-ARCH REHABILITATION WITH MULTI-UNIT ABUTMENT-SUPPORTED IMPLANT PROSTHESES: A TWO-CASE REPORTS
OP.189	CLINICAL RELIABILITY OF IMPLANT-SUPPORTED MONOLITHIC ZIRCONIA FULL-ARCH PROSTHESES: EVIDENCE FROM A SYSTEMATIC REVIEW AND META-ANALYSIS
OP.190	FULL-MOUTH REHABILITATION IN ADVANCED PERIODONTITIS : TEETH AND IMPLANT - SUPPORTED RESTORATIONS
OP.191	DENTAL IMPLANTS VERSUS ENDODONTICALLY TREATED TEETH: A CLINICAL DILEMMA
OP.192	FACTORS INFLUENCING LONG-TERM SUCCESS OF DENTAL IMPLANTS: BONE QUALITY, PLACEMENT ACCURACY, AND STABILITY ASSESSMENT
OP.193	CURRENT PERSPECTIVES ON THE REVERSE SCAN BODY PROTOCOL FOR DIGITAL IMPRESSIONS IN IMPLANT DENTISTRY: A COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW
OP.194	EVALUATION OF THE MICROTENSILE BOND STRENGTH OF HIGHLY FILLED FLOWABLE COMPOSITES TO SOUND AND CARIES-AFFECTED DENTIN SURFACES
OP.195	INVESTIGATION OF STRESSES TRANSMITTED TO THE DENTOALVEOLAR COMPLEX BY HYBRID AND CONVENTIONAL MOUTHGUARDS IN COMBAT SPORTS-RELATED TRAUMA USING FINITE ELEMENT STRESS ANALYSIS
OP.196	DIGITAL DENTAL PROSTHETIC TREATMENT OF TEMPOROMANDIBULAR JOINT DISK DISPLACEMENT WITH REDUCTION
OP.197	EFFECT OF TWO DIFFERENT MOUTH RINSES ON THE COLOR STABILITY OF PROVISIONAL
OP.198	DIGITAL INTEREST IN ESTHETIC DENTISTRY: TIME SERIES AND FORECASTING ANALYSIS USING GOOGLE TRENDS
OP.199	EVALUATION OF SMILE ESTHETICS BY ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE CHATBOTS: A COMPARATIVE STUDY WITH HUMAN EXPERT SCORES
OP.200	COMPARATIVE EVALUATION OF CHATBOT PERFORMANCE IN PROSTHODONTIC EDUCATION USING TYPE 1 AND TYPE 2 QUESTIONS
OP.201	INFLUENCE OF PRINTING ORIENTATION AND POST-CURING TIME ON FLEXURAL STRENGTH AND VICKERS HARDNESS OF A 3D-PRINTED TEMPORARY CROWN RESIN: AN IN VITRO STUDY
OP.202	VERTICAL DIMENSION INCREASE IN FULL MOUTH REHABILITATION: A CASE SERIES
OP.203	EVALUATION OF THE QUALITY OF LIFE IN PATIENTS WITH CONVENTIONAL AND IMMEDIATE DENTURES
OP.204	GLOBAL RESEARCH TRENDS OF ADDITIVELY MANUFACTURED ZIRCONIA IN PROSTHODONTICS: A BIBLIOMETRIC ANALYSIS
OP.205	IMMEDIATE LOADING IN FULL-ARCH REHABILITATION: CLINICAL AND BIOMECHANICAL EVALUATION OF AN ALL-ON-SIX CASE
OP.206	EFFECTIVE FACTORS IN DENTAL ANXIETY MANAGEMENT: CLINICAL EXPERIENCE, PROFESSIONAL STATUS, OR SELF-EFFICACY?
OP.207	REMOVABLE PARTIAL DENTURES USING PRECISION ATTACHMENTS WITH DIFFERENT RETENTION CHARACTERISTICS: A CASE SERIES
OP.208	CLINICAL EFFECTIVENESS OF TRI RAPTOR ATTACHMENT SYSTEM IN NON-SPLINTED IMPLANT-SUPPORTED OVERDENTURES WITH INTER-IMPLANT ANGULATION DISCREPANCIES: TWO CASE REPORTS
OP.209	PROSTHETIC REHABILITATION OF A PATIENT WITH TOOTH WEAR USING A MULTIDISCIPLINARY APPROACH: A CASE REPORT
OP.210	NEUTRAL ZONE IN COMPLETE DENTURES: A NARRATIVE REVIEW WITH CASE REPORT
OP.211	MANAGING DENTURE-ASSOCIATED POST-COVID-19 CANDIDIASIS AND MUCORMYCOSIS THROUGH COMBINED PROSTHODONTIC AND INFECTIOUS DISEASE CARE: A NARRATIVE REVIEW
OP.212	RECONSTRUCTION OF MALOCCLUSION AND JAW DEFORMITIES – CASE REPORT
OP.213	COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF INTRAORAL DIGITAL SCANS AND EXTRAORAL SCANS DERIVED FROM CONVENTIONAL IMPRESSION TECHNIQUES

NUMBER	TITLE
OP.214	MARGINAL GAP AND FRACTURE RESISTANCE OF METAL-CERAMIC AND ZIRCONIA CROWNS FABRICATED BY ADDITIVE AND SUBTRACTIVE MANUFACTURING TECHNIQUES
OP.215	COMPARISON OF OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF DENTAL ZIRCONIA WITH VARYING YTTRIA CONTENTS
OP.216	EFFECT OF DIFFERENT SURFACE TREATMENTS AND THERMAL AGING ON FLEXURAL STRENGTH OF DENTURE BASE MATERIALS FABRICATED WITH CONVENTIONAL METHOD AND 3D-PRINTER AFTER REPAIR PROCESS
OP.217	THE EFFECT OF MODEL BASE THICKNESS AND BUILD ORIENTATION ON THE DIMENSIONAL STABILITY OF 3D-PRINTED DENTAL MODELS
OP.218	SINGLE-UNIT PERMANENT RESTORATIONS FABRICATED WITH 3D TECHNOLOGY AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF 3D PERMANENT CROWNS
OP.219	SAME-DAY DUPLICATION OF A FRACTURED MAXILLARY COMPLETE DENTURE USING A FULLY DIGITAL WORKFLOW: A CASE REPORT
OP.220	IMPLANT SUPPORTED REHABILITATION OF A SINGLE MAXILLARY CENTRAL INCISOR WITH STAGED SOFT TISSUE CONDITIONING: A CASE REPORT
OP.221	MAXIMUM INTERCUSPIDATION WITH OCCLUSAL LAMINATE PROSTHESIS
OP.222	A PREDICTABLE DIGITAL WORKFLOW FOR DIASTEMA CLOSURE USING LAMINATE VENEERS: A 3-YEAR CLINICAL FOLLOW-UP KALBEN SASMAZ ¹ , MELEK OZDEMIR ¹ , ISIL KECİK BUYUKHATIPOGLU ¹
OP.223	COMPARATIVE EVALUATION OF SURFACE ROUGHNESS AND MICROHARDNESS OF VARIOUS PROSTHETIC MATERIALS FABRICATED USING MILLING AND PRINTING
OP.224	THE EFFECT OF DIFFERENT STARTING POINTS AND SIZE OF THE SCANNING AREA ON THE INTERNAL FIT OF MAXILLARY CENTRAL INCISOR CROWN RESTORATIONS: AN IN-VITRO STUDY
OP.225	EVALUATION OF CERAMIC VENEERS ON ENDODONTICALLY TREATED TEETH
OP.226	PRECISE TRANSFER OF PERI-IMPLANT SOFT TISSUE CONTOURS USING CUSTOMIZED IMPRESSION COPINGS: A CASE SERIES
OP.227	INFLUENCE OF STAINING BEVERAGES ON COLOR STABILITY OF CAD/CAM PMMA DENTURE TEETH
OP.229	CLINICAL AND RADIOGRAPHIC OUTCOMES OF FULL PULPOTOMY IN IMMATURE PERMANENT MOLARS WITH REVERSIBLE PULPITIS: A 24-MONTH CASE SERIES
OP.230	RETROSPECTIVE EVALUATION OF STAINLESS STEEL CROWNS IN PRIMARY MOLARS
OP.231	BIBLIOMETRIC ANALYSIS OF DENTAL ANXIETY IN TURKISH PEDIATRIC DENTISTRY POSTGRADUATE THESES OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS
OP.232	BIOACTIVE COMPOSITE RESIN DISCOLORATION INDUCED BY PEDIATRIC OVER THE COUNTER SUPPLEMENTS: AN IN VITRO STUDY ESRA ÖZGÖÇMEN TULA ¹ , YAKUP DOĞRU ¹
OP.234	MOLAR-INCISOR HYPOMINERALIZATION (MIH) SYNDROM: EVALUATION OF KNOWLEDGE, DIAGNOSTIC AWARENESS AND CLINICAL APPROACH AMONG DENTISTS
OP.235	TRAUMATIC INJURIES OF PRIMARY TEETH: DIAGNOSTIC APPROACH AND THERAPEUTIC OPTIONS
OP.236	COMPARISON OF ORAL AND DENTAL HEALTH STATUS IN CHILDREN WITH AUTISM SPECTRUM DISORDER AND HEALTHY CONTROLS
OP.237	EVALUATION OF GUIDELINE CONSISTENCY OF AN ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE MODEL IN PEDIATRIC DENTAL TRAUMA SCENARIOS
OP.238	COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS OF TRANSLUCENCY IN PEDIATRIC ANTERIOR ESTHETIC CROWNS AYBIKE BAS OZTURK ¹
OP.239	CLINICAL AND RADIOGRAPHIC OUTCOMES OF MINERAL TRIOXIDE AGGREGATE PULPOTOMY IN A SYMPTOMATIC IMMATURE PERMANENT MOLAR
OP.240	ENDODONTIC TREATMENT OF A PERSISTENT PRIMARY MOLAR WITH A PERIAPICAL LESION USING MTA: A CASE REPORT
OP.241	EVALUATION OF ACCURACY AND INTRA-/INTER-MODEL CONSISTENCY OF AI MODELS COMPARED TO TURKISH DENTAL PROFESSIONALS IN PEDIATRIC DENTAL QUESTIONS
OP.242	DENTAL STUDENTS' KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDES, AND CLINICAL PRACTICE REGARDING TOOTH AVULSION MANAGEMENT: A CROSS-SECTIONAL SURVEY
OP.243	EVALUATION OF DENTAL STUDENTS' KNOWLEDGE, ATTITUDES, AND PERCEPTION LEVELS TOWARD GENERAL ANESTHESIA IN PEDIATRIC DENTISTRY
OP.244	BARRIERS, ATTITUDES, AND EDUCATIONAL NEEDS REGARDING CHILD ABUSE MANAGEMENT AMONG DENTAL STUDENTS

DIGITAL PROTOCOLS IN CONTEMPORARY IMPLANTOLOGY: THE VALUE OF OPEN-SOURCE SOFTWARE

Vasilis Charalampidis¹, Julija Zarkova Atanasova²

1. VC Dental

2. Faculty of Medical Sciences, Goce Delcev University, Stip, North Macedonia

Introduction: The adoption of digital technologies has significantly transformed contemporary implantology, enhancing diagnostic accuracy, treatment planning, and clinical predictability. Digital workflows integrating cone-beam computed tomography (CBCT), intraoral scanning, and computer-assisted implant planning enable prosthetically driven implant placement. While many systems rely on proprietary platforms, open-source software has emerged as a flexible, cost-efficient, and interoperable alternative.

Case Presentation: This case series demonstrates the clinical applicability of an open-source digital implantology protocol in three partially edentulous patients (ages 65, 67, and 84 years). CBCT datasets were merged with intraoral scans using open-source planning software to facilitate prosthetically driven implant positioning. Virtual planning allowed precise anatomical assessment, implant angulation optimization, and appropriate implant selection. Digitally designed surgical guides were fabricated via 3D printing and used for fully guided implant placement. In one case, partial extraction therapy was incorporated to preserve buccal hard and soft tissues. Definitive restorations were fabricated following digital impressions. All treatments were completed in three clinical appointments, with uneventful healing and satisfactory functional and esthetic outcomes.

Conclusions: Within the limitations of a case-based report, open-source digital workflows achieved predictable implant positioning and prosthetic rehabilitation comparable to proprietary systems. These protocols enhance efficiency, clinical control, and accessibility while supporting evidence-based and minimally invasive implant practice

Keywords: Digital implantology; Open-source software; Digital workflow; Computer-guided implant surgery; Implant planning.

DIGITAL DENTAL PROSTHETIC TREATMENT OF TEMPOROMANDIBULAR JOINT DISK DISPLACEMENT WITH REDUCTION

Budima Pejkovska Shahpaska¹, Julija Zarkova Atanasova², Katerina Zlatanovska², Bruno Nikolovski¹, Blagoja Dasteovski³

1. Faculty of Medical Sciences, Goce Delcev University, Stip, North Macedonia, PHI UDCC St. Panteleimon Skopje, North Macedonia

2. Faculty of Medical Sciences, Goce Delcev University, Stip, North Macedonia

3. Faculty of Dentistry, UKIM, Skopje, North Macedonia, PHI UDCC St. Panteleimon, Skopje, North Macedonia

Introduction: Aesthetics of the face with deviation of the mandible and visible asymmetry of the face if one of the reasons patients come to the dental office. The diagnosis is complex and requires meticulous multidisciplinary approaches especially if the temporomandibular joint is involved.

Objective: To represent the challenge of digital dental prosthetic treatment in patients with temporomandibular joint disk displacement with reduction.

Materials and Methods: To establish diagnosis of displacement of the temporomandibular articular disc with reduction with measurements established extraorally and intraorally with specific diagnostic tools - clinical, paraclinical and digital. Usage of computed tomography can be helpful before and after the treatment.

Results: Analysing the deviation of the mandible extraorally, then dispositioning the linea mediana before and after treatment with digitally designed repositioning splints shows improvement of the symmetry after 6 months of treatment. The clicking sounds, popping sounds and noises when opening and closing the mouth following the dispositioning of the articular disc from the fossa temporalis are almost eliminated after 6 months strict treatment protocol.

Keywords: Rehabilitation of patients with a displaced temporomandibular articular disc with reduction is enabled with the production and usage of digital repositioning splints. Digital dental prosthetic rehabilitation in treatment of temporomandibular joint disk displacement with reduction enables improvement of the quality of life of patients.

Deviation, displaced temporomandibular articular disc with reduction, digitally designed repositioning splints.