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Factors and Conditions of the Labor Market in Macedonia and the Region



FACTORS AND CONDITIONS OF THE LABOR MARKET IN MACEDONIA AND THE REGION - CONDITION AND ANALYSES

Labor markets in the Western Balkan countries—comprising Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo, FYR Macedonia, Montenegro and Serbia—are characterized by low employment rates and high unemployment by European standards. As elsewhere in Europe, almost the entire region is facing an ageing and shrinking population due to low birth rates and high emigration.

In this report, labor market developments in the Western Balkan countries in the period 2010-2022 are presented and compared with selected member states of the European Union (EU). This paper presents the developments in the main labour market indicators in Macedonia and evaluates the level and movements in these indicators compared to the EU and selected European countries. Another important issue that has been touched upon in this paper is the skills supply and demand mismatch by activities that has a favorable downward movement indicated by the declining trend in job vacancy rate almost in all activities in conditions of increase in the number of occupied posts in Macedonian economy and simultaneous decline in the number of job vacancies.

This paper also provides a broad analysis on the implementation on the ALM measures in Macedonia, based on the available data and information from the administrative sources as well as comparison to the experiences in EU and other regions. Although it is still difficult to provide an evaluation of the impacts of the ALM measures in Macedonia, the general conclusion is that they have positive impacts on curbing down the unemployment, especially on the awareness of the unemployed people that they need to work on improving their skills as necessary precondition for providing a job. In addition, the analysis points out areas where additional improvements in designing the ALM measures are needed in order to increase their effectiveness.

1 DEVELOPMENT OF THE LABOR MARKET IN THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA

Introduction

- 1 The development of the labor market in advanced economies
- 2 Global perspectives on market development
- 3 National perspectives on market development
- 4 Metodology and research frame
- 4.1 Employment
- 4.2 Working hours
- 4.3 Redundancy rules
- 4.4 Redundancy costs
- 4.5 Quality of work
- 5 Analysis and findings
- 6 Conclusion

2 FACTORS AND CONDITIONS OF THE LABOR MARKET IN MACEDONIA AND THE REGION - CONDITION AND ANALYSES

Introduction

- 1 An economy with a focus on employment
- 2 The workforce market
- 2.1 Aims of the employment strategies in the European Union
- 2.2 The condition of the labor market in the West Balkan
- 2.2.1 Competitiveness as an aspect of West Balkan economies
- 2.3 Market of workforce in Macedonia-condition and dynamics
- 3 Recommendations

3 LABOR MARKET AND LABOR RELATIONS – THE CASE IN MACEDONIA Introduction

- 1 An Labor market policy
- 2 Active labor market ALMP
- 3 Unemployment as major labour market indicator in Macedonia
- 4 An Overview of Labor market performance and measures in Macedonia
- 5 Analysis of employment and unemployment in Macedonia
- 6 Selected labor statistics in Macedonia by gender

4 SUPPLY OF THE LABOR MARKET WITH LABOR FORCE – CONDITION IN MACEDONIA

Introduction

- 1 A review of the literature on this problem
- 2 Research Objectives
- 3 Research Methodology and Data Analysis
- 3.1 Supply of labor force
- 3.1.1Disparity of supply and demand of working skills
- 3.1.2 Skills supply and demand mismatch by activities
- 3.1.3 Active employment measures
- 4 Conclusions and recommendations for policy

5 THE LABOR MARKET IN MACEDONIA AND THE REGION – SITUATIONS AND ANALYSIS

Introduction

- 1 Material and methods
- 2 The conceptualization of the labor and workforce market
- 3 Employment in North Macedonia
- 4 Employment in the Region
- 5 Concluding remarks

6 THE STRATEGIC ASPECT OF PLANNING THE PERSONNEL LOCAL POLICY IN THE DIRECTION OF SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT OF THE LOCAL MARKET

Introduction

1The local employment policy-a reason and a consequence for the existence of a strategic program for planning of the kind and dynamics of the needs of the local market

- 2 Population and sample of the research
- 2.1The research is realized in seven municipalities in the Republic of Macedonia
- 3 Identification of future improvement steps
- 4 Conclusion

7 CONTEMPORARY ENTERPRENEURIAL APPORACHES FOR THE NEEDS EF THE LABOR MARKET – MACDONIA AND SEVERAL EUROPEAN COUNTRIES

Introduction

- 1 Non-formal learning
- 2 Informal learning
- 3 Global perspective of European models and practices
- 4 Examples of some European states for the function of the system of validation of nonformal and informal learning
- 4.1 Portugal
- 4.2 Germany
- 4.3 Slovenia
- 5 National perspectives of European models and practices
- 6 Validation of no

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The paper presents labor market developments in the Western Balkan countries which are characterized by low employment rates and high unemployment by European standards in the period 2010-2022 and are compared with selected member states of the EU. Another important issue are the skills supply and demand mismatch by activities that has a favorable downward movement indicated by the declining trend in job vacancy rate almost in all activities in conditions of increase in the number of occupied posts in Macedonian economy and simultaneous decline in the number of job vacancies. Paper also provides a broad analysis on the implementation on the ALM measures in Macedonia, based on the available data and information from the administrative sources as well as comparison to the experiences in EU and other regions.

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