

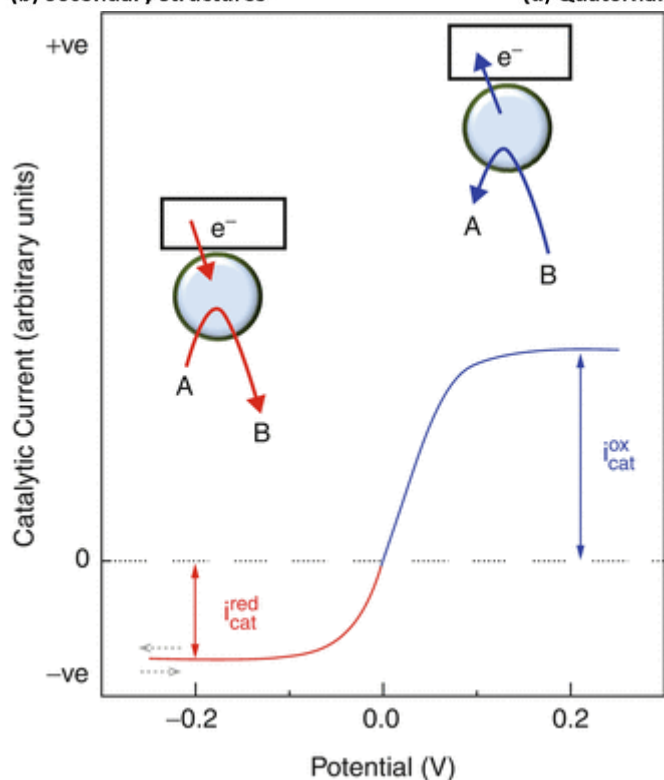
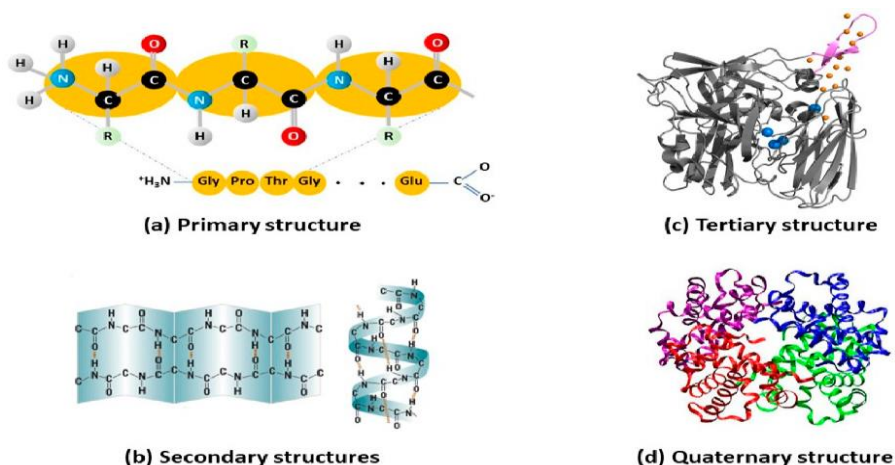
# Regenerative Mechanism in Two-Step Diffusional $EEC'$ Mechanism in Square-Wave Voltammetry

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## Abstract

The regenerative mechanism in two-step diffusional  $EEC'$  mechanism associated to the product of second electrochemical step is studied theoretically under conditions of square-wave voltammetry. As many water-soluble redox enzymes commonly undergo electrochemical transformation in two consecutive electron transfer steps, the regeneration of the intermediate product via homogeneous chemical reaction of the last electrochemically generated product of the second electron transfer is a fundamental process to understand enzyme-substrate kinetics of such complex systems. This work gives entire MATHCAD simulation protocol of this complex mechanism in square-wave voltammetry,



TWO STEP DIFFUSIONAL EEC'cat Mechanism in  
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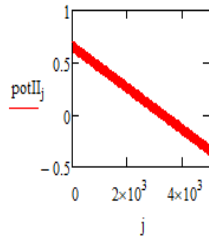
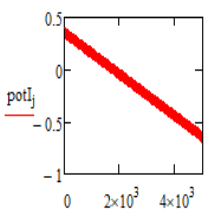
$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{EsI} &:= 0.35 & \Delta E &:= 1 & dE &:= 0.01 & \text{Esw} &:= 0.05 & \text{EsII} &:= 0.65 & r &:= 1..1 \\
 n &:= 1 & F &:= 96500 & R_w &:= 8.314 & T &:= 298.15 & KI_r &:= 10^{75 \cdot r} \\
 j &:= 1.. \frac{\Delta E}{dE} \cdot 50 & & & & & & & KII &:= 10^{75} \\
 & & & & \alpha 2 &:= 0.5 & & & & & & 
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\alpha 1 := 0.5 \quad \log(KI_r) = \boxed{0.75}$$

$$\text{potI}_j := \text{EsI} + \text{Esw} - \left[ \left( \text{ceil} \left( \frac{j-1}{25} \right) \cdot dE + \text{if} \left( \frac{\text{ceil} \left( \frac{j}{25} \right)}{2} = \text{ceil} \left( \frac{j-1}{25} \right), 1, -1 \right) \cdot \text{Esw} + \text{Esw} \right) - dE \right]$$

$$KI_1 = 5.623$$

$$\text{potII}_j := \text{EsII} + \text{Esw} - \left[ \left( \text{ceil} \left( \frac{j-1}{25} \right) \cdot dE + \text{if} \left( \frac{\text{ceil} \left( \frac{j}{25} \right)}{2} = \text{ceil} \left( \frac{j-1}{25} \right), 1, -1 \right) \cdot \text{Esw} + \text{Esw} \right) - dE \right]$$



$$\Phi_{I,j} := n \cdot \frac{F}{R \cdot T} \cdot \text{potI}_j \quad \Phi_{II,j} := n \cdot \frac{F}{R \cdot T} \cdot \text{potII}_j$$

$$x = 0.001$$

$$M1_j := \sqrt{\frac{j}{1}} - \sqrt{\frac{j-1}{1}}$$

$$z := 1.000000500$$

$$B_j := \left( 1 - \text{erfc} \left( \sqrt{\frac{z}{50 \times 1}} \cdot j \right) \right) - \left[ 1 - \text{erfc} \left( \sqrt{\frac{z}{50 \times 1}} \cdot (j-1) \right) \right]$$

z e katalitski parametar vo ovoj model povzan so hemiska regeneracija na reaktant od vtor elektrohemijski cekor

$$\begin{aligned}
 \Psi_{I,1,r} &:= \frac{KI_r \cdot e^{-\alpha 1 \cdot \Phi_{I,1}}}{1 + KI_r \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} \cdot M1_1 \cdot e^{-\alpha 1 \cdot \Phi_{I,1}} + KI_r \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} \cdot e^{\Phi_{I,1} \cdot (1-\alpha 1)} \cdot M1_1} \\
 \Psi_{II,1,r} &:= \frac{KII \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} \cdot e^{-\alpha 2 \cdot \Phi_{II,1}} \cdot \Psi_{I,1,r} \cdot M1_1}{1 + \frac{1-B_1}{(\sqrt{z})} \cdot KII \cdot e^{-\alpha 2 \cdot \Phi_{II,1}} + \frac{1-B_1}{(\sqrt{z})} \cdot KII \cdot e^{-\alpha 2 \cdot \Phi_{II,1} \cdot (1-\alpha 2)}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Psi_{1,1}^I = 1.081 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\Psi_{1,1}^{\Pi} = 0$$

$$\Psi_{j,r}^I = \frac{Kl_r e^{-\alpha 1 \cdot \Phi_{1j}} - Kl_r \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} e^{-\alpha 1 \cdot \Phi_{1j}} \sum_{i=1}^{j-1} (\Psi_{1,r}^I \cdot M_{1j-i+1}) - Kl_r \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} e^{\Phi_{1j} \cdot (1-\alpha)} \sum_{i=1}^{j-1} (\Psi_{1,r}^I \cdot M_{1j-i+1})}{1 + Kl_r \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} \cdot M_{11} e^{-\alpha 1 \cdot \Phi_{1j}} + Kl_r \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} e^{\Phi_{1j} \cdot (1-\alpha)} \cdot M_{11}}$$

$$\Psi_{j,r}^{\Pi} = \frac{K\Pi \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} e^{-\alpha 2 \cdot \Phi_{1j}} \sum_{i=1}^j (\Psi_{1,r}^I \cdot M_{1j-i+1}) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} K\Pi e^{1 \cdot \Phi_{1j} \cdot (-\alpha 2)} \sum_{i=1}^{j-1} (\Psi_{1,r}^{\Pi} \cdot B_{j-i+1}) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} K\Pi e^{1 \cdot \Phi_{1j} \cdot (1-\alpha 2)} \sum_{i=1}^{j-1} (\Psi_{1,r}^{\Pi} \cdot B_{j-i+1})}{1 + \frac{1 \cdot B_1}{\sqrt{2}} K\Pi e^{1 \cdot \Phi_{1j} \cdot (-\alpha 2)} + \frac{1 \cdot B_1}{\sqrt{2}} K\Pi e^{1 \cdot \Phi_{1j} \cdot (1-\alpha 2)}}$$

$$\Psi_{j,r} = \Psi_{j,r}^I + \Psi_{j,r}^{\Pi}$$

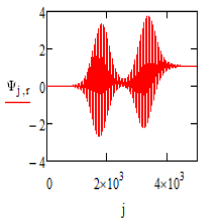
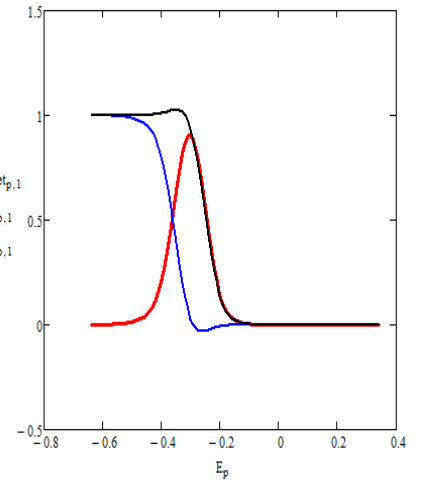
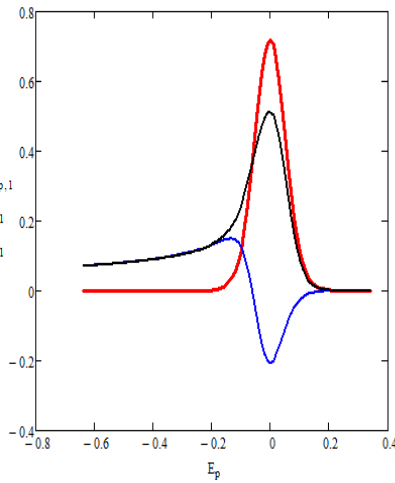
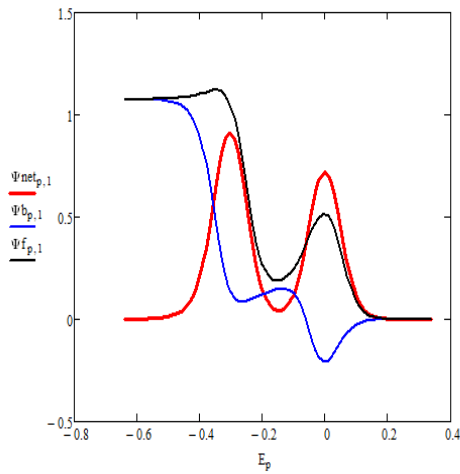
$$p = 1 - \left( \frac{\Delta E}{dE} \right) - 1$$

$$\Psi_{p,r}^{If} = \Psi_{(p+1) \cdot 50,r}^I \Psi_{p,r}^{Ib} = \Psi_{50 \cdot p+2,r}^I \Psi_{p,r}^{Inet} = \Psi_{p,r}^{If} - \Psi_{p,r}^{Ib}$$

$$\Psi_{p,r}^{Ib} = \Psi_{50 \cdot p+25,r}^{\Pi} \Psi_{p,r}^{If} = \Psi_{(p+1),r}^{\Pi} \Psi_{p,r}^{Inet} = \Psi_{p,r}^{If} - \Psi_{p,r}^{Ib}$$

$$E_p = E_{sl} - p \cdot dE$$

$$\Psi_{p,r}^{Ib} = \Psi_{50 \cdot p+25,r}^{\Pi} \Psi_{p,r}^{If} = \Psi_{(p+1),r}^{\Pi} \Psi_{p,r}^{Inet} = \Psi_{p,r}^{If} - \Psi_{p,r}^{Ib}$$

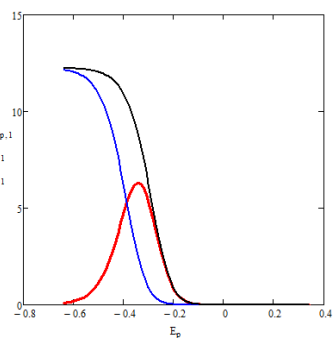
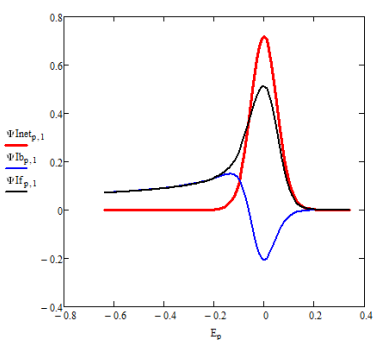
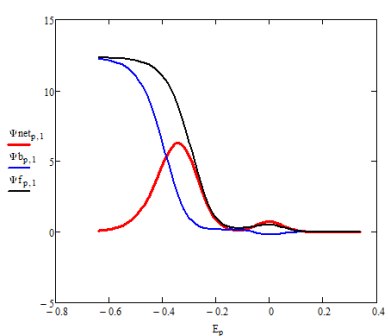
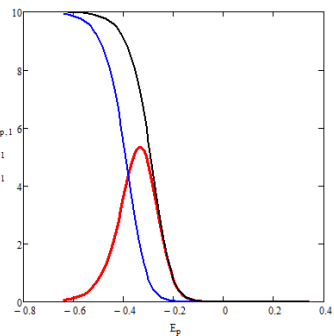
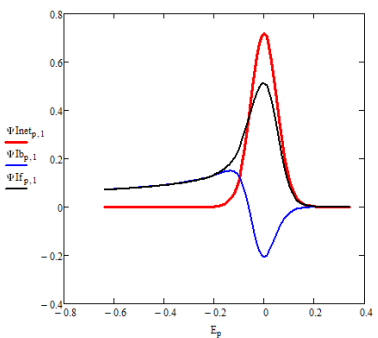
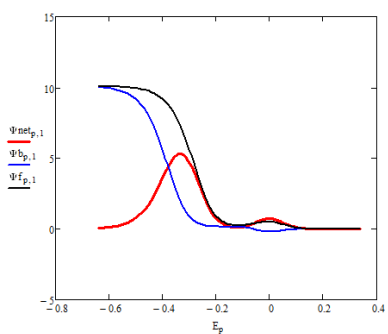
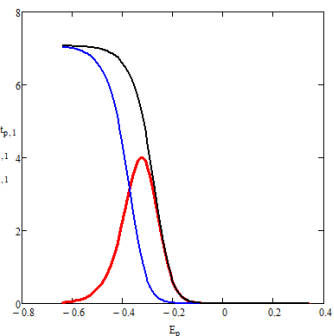
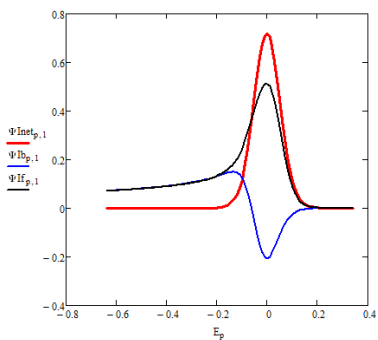
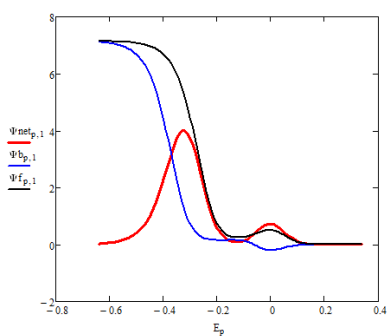
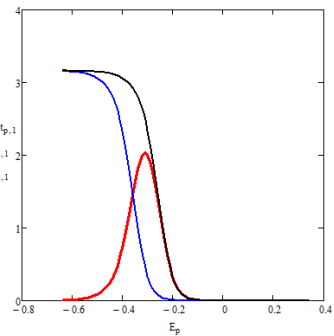
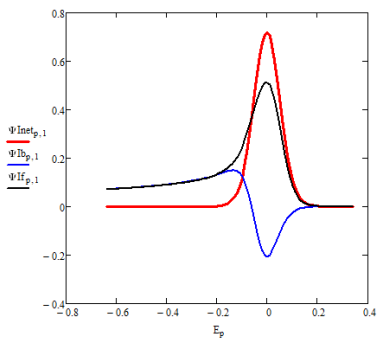
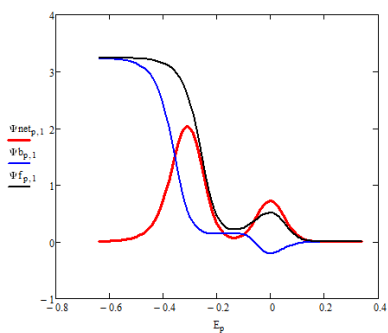


$\Psi_{p,1}^{If} =$	$\Psi_{p,1}^{Ib} =$
$9.208 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$-1.879 \cdot 10^{-6}$
$1.322 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$-3.312 \cdot 10^{-6}$
$1.931 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$-5.159 \cdot 10^{-6}$
$2.836 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$-7.781 \cdot 10^{-6}$
$4.175 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$-1.16 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$6.155 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$-1.721 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$9.078 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$-2.546 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$1.339 \cdot 10^{-4}$	$-3.762 \cdot 10^{-5}$

$\Psi_{p,1}^{Inet} =$
$1.109 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$1.654 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$2.447 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$3.614 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$5.335 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$7.875 \cdot 10^{-5}$
$1.162 \cdot 10^{-4}$

$E_p =$
0.34
0.33
0.32
0.31
0.3
0.29
0.28





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