

Theoretical Aspects of Diffusional Two Step Electrochemical Mechanism Associated with Regenerative Reaction to First Electrochemical Step and Follow Up Reversible Chemical Reaction Linked to the Product of Second Electrochemical Step

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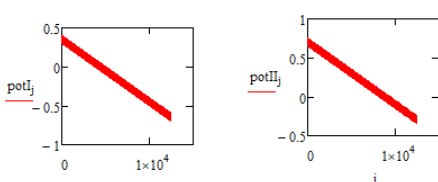
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MATHCAD WORKING FILE for Diffusional EC'ECrev Mechanism in Square-wave Voltammetry

$E_{sI} := 0.35$ $\Delta E := 1$ $dE := 0.004$ $E_{sw} := 0.05$ $E_{sII} := 0.7$ $r := 1..1$
 $n := 1$ $F_{\infty} := 96500$ $R_{\infty} := 8.314$ $T_{\infty} := 298.15$ $KI_r := 10^{1-r}$
 $KII := 10^1$
 $j := 1.. \frac{\Delta E}{dE} \cdot 50$ $\alpha 2 := 0.5$ $\alpha 1 := 0.5$ $\log(KI_r) = \boxed{1}$
 $\lambda := 10.000000001000$ λ e hemiski kataliticki parametar
 $KI_1 = 10$

TWO STEP DIFFUSIONAL EC'ECrev Mechanism in SWV--
 this is EE diffusional mechanism with regenerative irreversible reaction associated with the product of first electrode transformation and reversible follow up chemical reaction associated with the product of the second electron transfer step

$potI_j := E_{sI} + E_{sw} - \left[\text{ceil}\left(\frac{j}{25} \cdot \frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot dE + \text{if}\left(\frac{\text{ceil}\left(\frac{j}{25}\right)}{2} = \text{ceil}\left(\frac{j}{25} \cdot \frac{1}{2}\right), 1, -1\right) \cdot E_{sw} + E_{sw} \right] - dE$
 $potII_j := E_{sII} + E_{sw} - \left[\text{ceil}\left(\frac{j}{25} \cdot \frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot dE + \text{if}\left(\frac{\text{ceil}\left(\frac{j}{25}\right)}{2} = \text{ceil}\left(\frac{j}{25} \cdot \frac{1}{2}\right), 1, -1\right) \cdot E_{sw} + E_{sw} \right] - dE$



$\Phi_{I_j} := n \cdot \frac{F}{R \cdot T} \cdot potI_j$ $\Phi_{II_j} := n \cdot \frac{F}{R \cdot T} \cdot potII_j$
 $x := 0.001$ $M_{I_j} := \sqrt{\frac{j}{1}} - \sqrt{\frac{j-1}{1}}$ $z = 1$ z e hem parametar na follow up
 L e konst na ramnoteza na hem follow up $L_{\infty} := 1000$

$\Psi_{I_{1,r}} := \frac{\frac{KI_r}{1} \cdot e^{-\alpha 1 \cdot \Phi_{I_1}} - 0}{1 + KI_r \cdot \lambda^{-0.5} \cdot A_1 \cdot e^{-\alpha 1 \cdot \Phi_{I_1}} + 1 \cdot \lambda^{-0.5} \cdot e^{-\Phi_{I_1} \cdot (1-\alpha 1)} \cdot A_1}$
 $\Psi_{II_{1,r}} := \frac{\frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} \cdot KII \cdot e^{-\alpha 2 \cdot \Phi_{II_1}}}{1 + \frac{KII \cdot M_{I_1} \cdot 2}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} \cdot e^{-\alpha 2 \cdot \Phi_{II_1}} (1 + e^{\Phi_{II_1}})} \cdot \Psi_{I_{1,r}} \cdot A_1 + \frac{KII \cdot e^{-\alpha 2 \cdot \Phi_{II_1}}}{1 + \frac{2 \cdot KII \cdot M_{I_1} \cdot e^{-\alpha 2 \cdot \Phi_{II_1}}}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} + \frac{2 \cdot KII \cdot e^{-(1-\alpha 2) \cdot \Phi_{II_1}}}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} \cdot 1}$
 $\Psi_{I_{1,1}} = 1.151 \times 10^{-5}$ $\Psi_{II_{1,1}} = 1.308 \times 10^{-12}$

$\Psi_{I_{j,r}} := \frac{KI_r \cdot e^{-\alpha 1 \cdot \Phi_{I_j}} - KI_r \cdot \lambda^{-0.5} \cdot e^{-\alpha 1 \cdot \Phi_{I_j}} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{j-1} (\Psi_{I_{i,r}} \cdot A_{j-i+1}) - KI_r \cdot \lambda^{-0.5} \cdot e^{-\Phi_{I_j} \cdot (1-\alpha 1)} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{j-1} (\Psi_{I_{i,r}} \cdot A_{j-i+1})}{1 + KI_r \cdot \lambda^{-0.5} \cdot A_1 \cdot e^{-\alpha 1 \cdot \Phi_{I_j}} + \lambda^{-0.5} \cdot e^{-\Phi_{I_j} \cdot (1-\alpha 1)} \cdot A_1 \cdot KI_r}$

$\Psi_{II_{j,r}} := \frac{\frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} \cdot KII \cdot e^{-\alpha 2 \cdot \Phi_{II_j}} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^j (\Psi_{I_{i,r}} \cdot M_{I_{j-i+1}}) - KII \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} \cdot e^{-\alpha 2 \cdot \Phi_{II_j}} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{j-1} (\Psi_{II_{i,r}} \cdot M_{I_{j-i+1}}) - \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} \cdot \frac{KII}{1+L} \cdot e^{1 \cdot \Phi_{II_j} \cdot (1-\alpha 2)} \cdot (1) \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{j-1} (\Psi_{II_{i,r}} \cdot B_{j-i+1}) - \frac{L}{(\sqrt{2} \cdot (1+L))} \cdot KII \cdot e^{1 \cdot \Phi_{II_j} \cdot (1-\alpha 2)} \cdot (1) \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{j-1} (\Psi_{II_{i,r}} \cdot B_{j-i+1})}{1 + KII \cdot \frac{2 \cdot M_{I_1}}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} \cdot e^{-\alpha 2 \cdot \Phi_{II_j}} (1 + e^{\Phi_{II_j}}) + \frac{2 \cdot B_1}{\sqrt{\pi \cdot 50}} \cdot \frac{KII}{1+L} \cdot e^{1 \cdot \Phi_{II_j} \cdot (1-\alpha 2)} + \frac{L \cdot B_1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{KII}{1+L} \cdot e^{1 \cdot \Phi_{II_j} \cdot (1-\alpha 2)}}$

$A + 1e = B + 1e = C + K = D$

$$\Psi_{j,r} = \Psi_{j,r}^I + \Psi_{j,r}^{II}$$

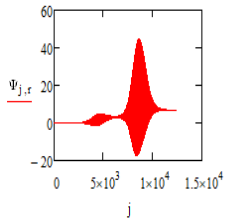
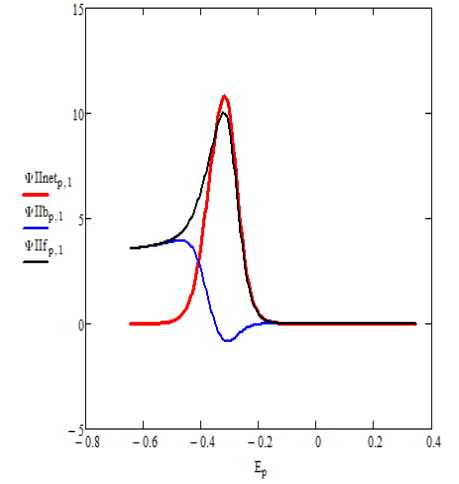
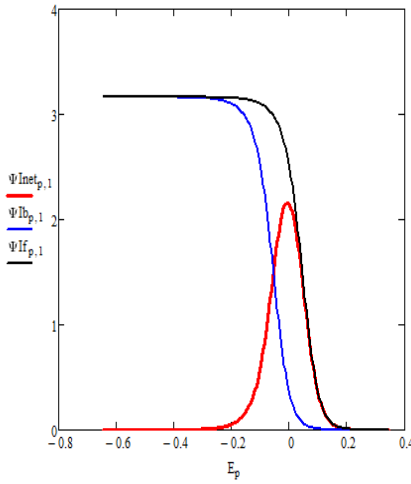
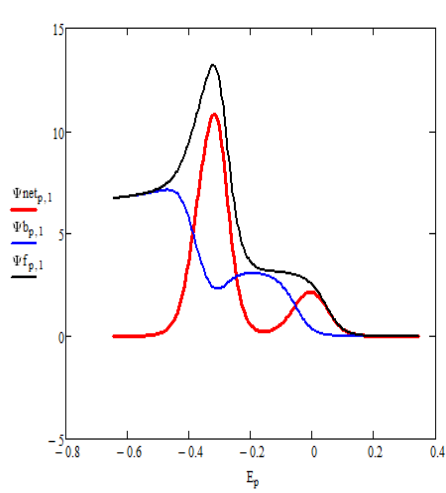
$$p := 1 - \left(\frac{\Delta E}{dE} \right) - 1$$

$$\Psi_{p,r}^{If} = \Psi_{(p+1),50,r}^I \quad \Psi_{p,r}^{Ib} = \Psi_{50,p+2}^I \quad \Psi_{p,r}^{Inet} = \Psi_{p,r}^{If} - \Psi_{p,r}^{Ib}$$

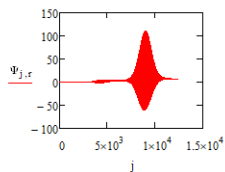
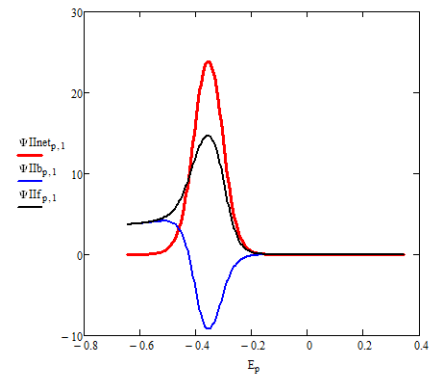
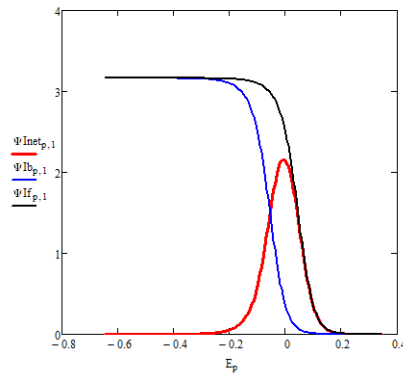
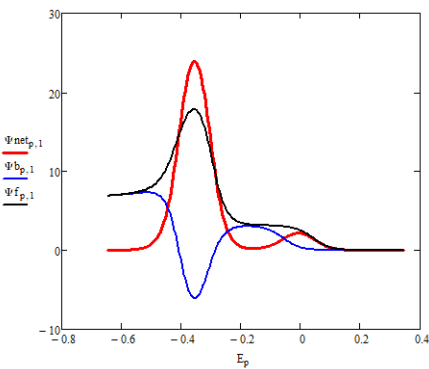
$$\Psi_{p,r}^{IIb} = \Psi_{50,p+25,r}^{II} \quad \Psi_{p,r}^{IIIf} = \Psi_{(p+1)}^{II} \quad \Psi_{p,r}^{IIInet} = \Psi_{p,r}^{IIIf} - \Psi_{p,r}^{IIb}$$

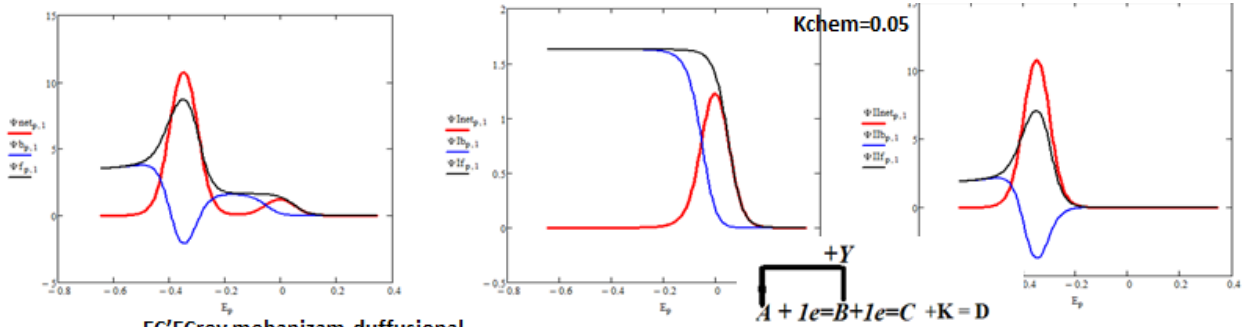
$$E_p = E_{sl} - p \cdot dE$$

$$\Psi_{p,r}^{b} = \Psi_{50,p+25,r}^{50} \quad \Psi_{p,r}^{f} = \Psi_{(p+1),5}^{(p+1)} \quad \Psi_{p,r}^{net} = \Psi_{p,r}^{f} - \Psi_{p,r}^{b}$$



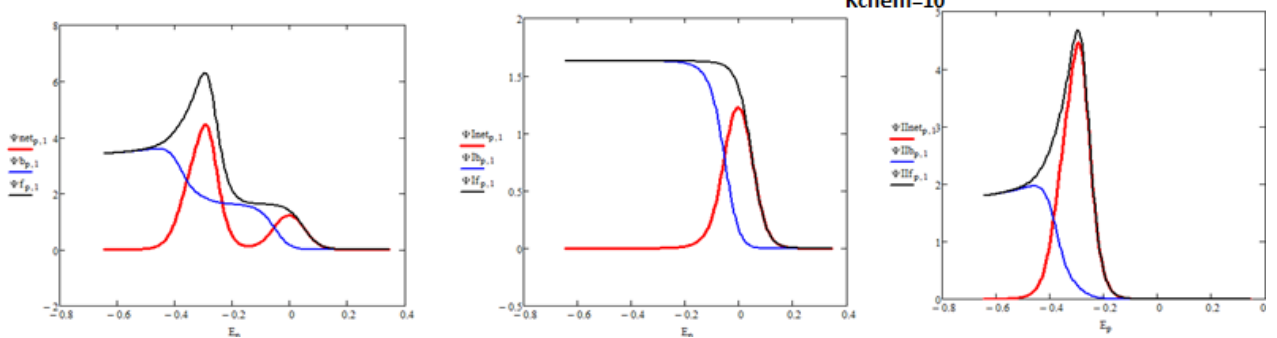
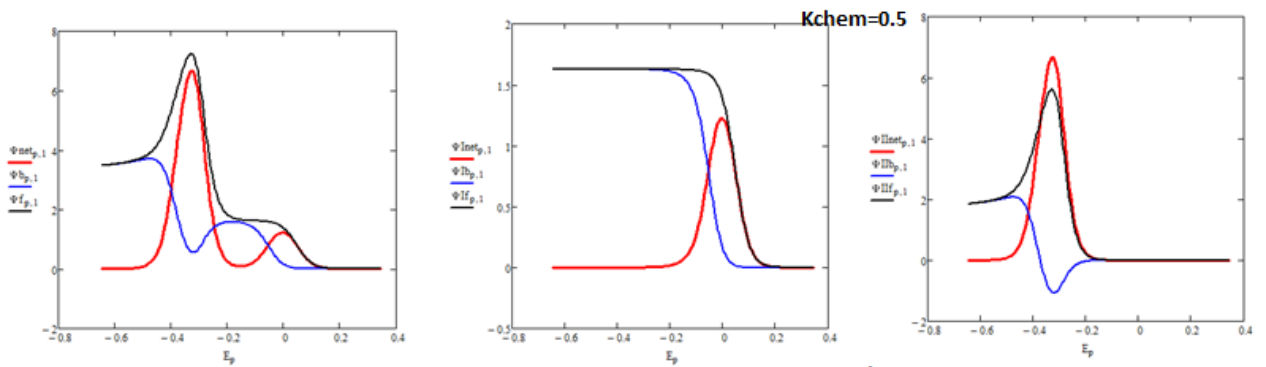
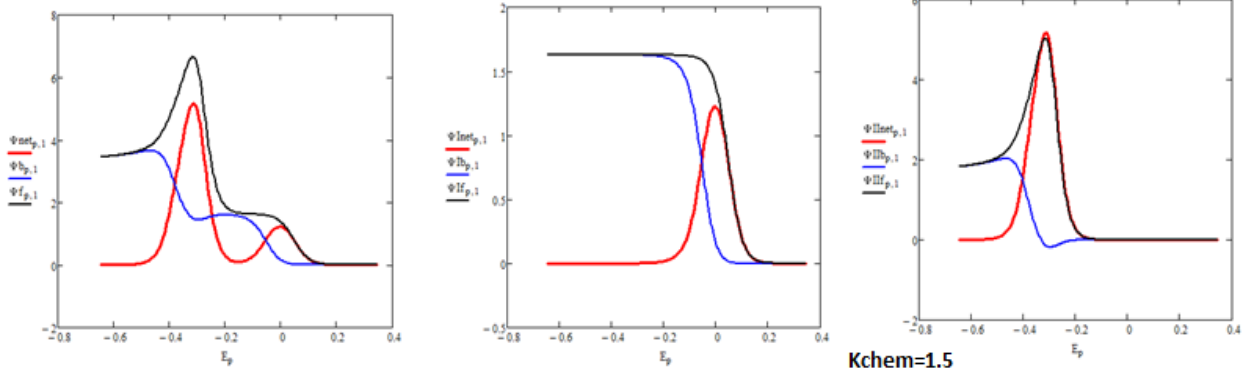
$\Psi_{p,1}^f =$	$\Psi_{p,1}^b =$	$\Psi_{p,1}^{net} =$	$E_p =$
$3.654 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$7.401 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$3.064 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0.342
$4.269 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$8.648 \cdot 10^{-7}$	$3.58 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0.338
$4.988 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$1.011 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$4.183 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0.334
$5.828 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$1.181 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$4.887 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0.33
$6.809 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$1.38 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$5.71 \cdot 10^{-5}$	0.326

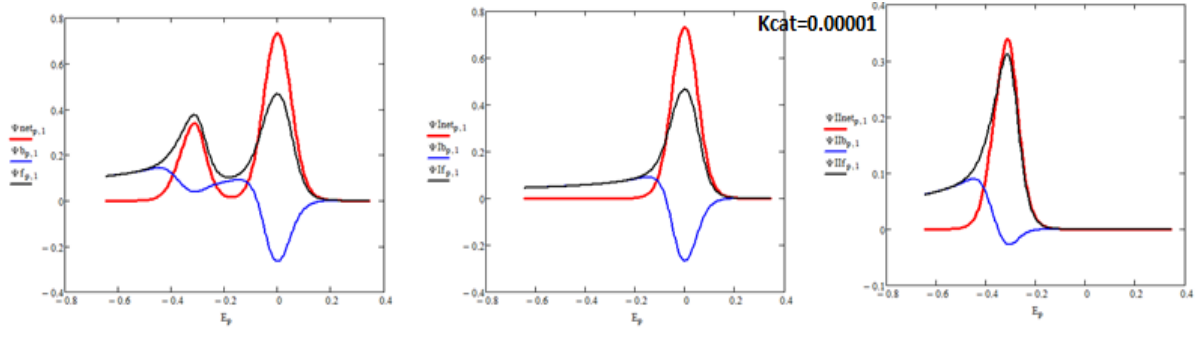




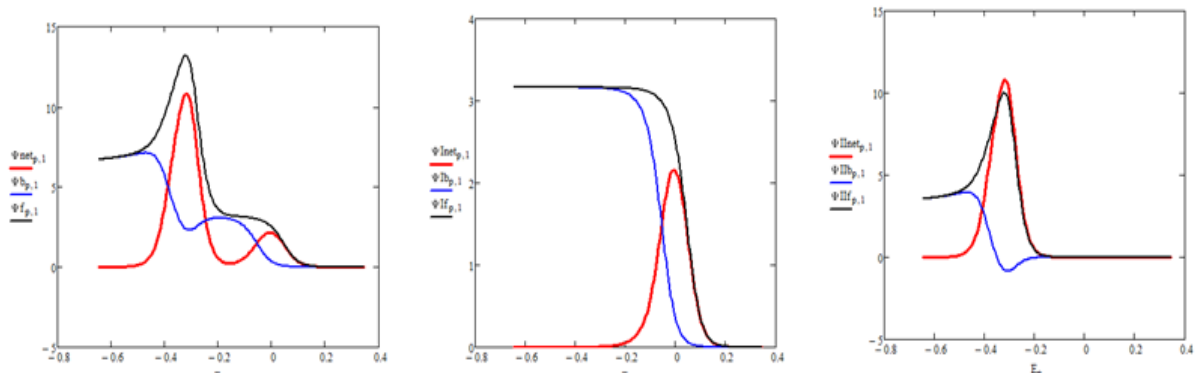
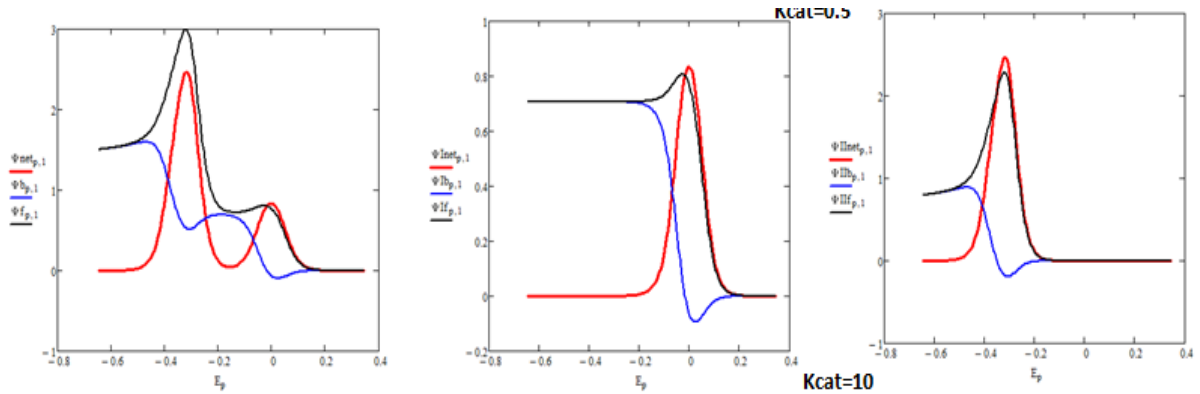
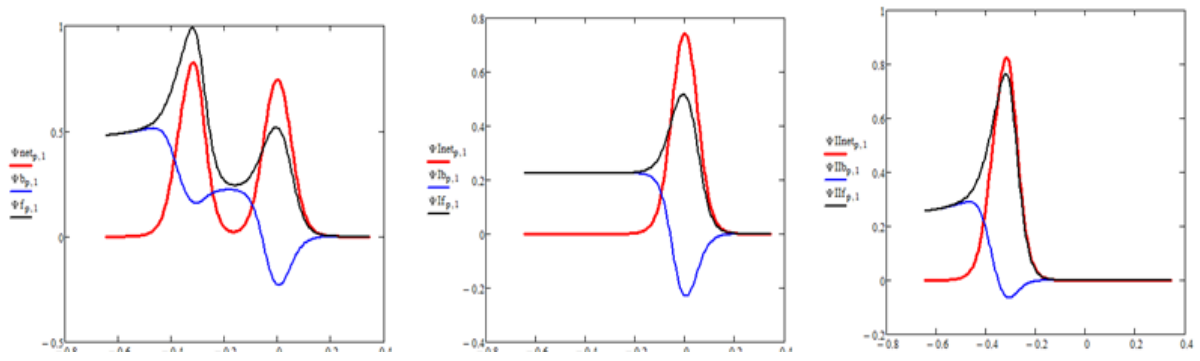
EC'Ecrev mehanizam-diffusional

Kcat = 2.65; Ket,1=Ket,2=10; ; Keq=1000, vlijanie na Kchem, alpha e 0.5; dE =4 mV; Esw = 50 mV





EC'Ecrev mehanizam-Vlijanie na Kcat
 Ket,1=Ket,2=10; ; Keq=1000, Kchem=1, alpha e 0.5; dE =4 mV; Esw = 50 mV



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