









Ohrid, 15th - 18th Septembe r 2022

THE ROLE OF ORAL EXFOLIATIVE CYTOLOGY IN DETECTION OF ORAL MALIGNANCIES

CONGRESS OF MACEDONIAN DENTAL SOCIETY

WITH INTERNATIONAL PARTICIPATION

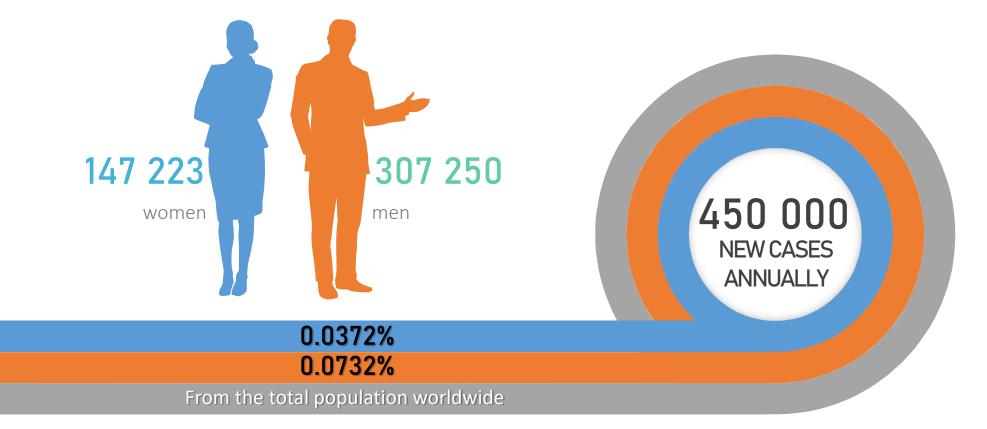
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Total number of patients with CSR distribution by sex



https://www.nidcr.nih.gov/research/data-statistics/oral-cancer/prevalence

Approaches to solving

to improve EDUCATION FOR

CLINITIANS for detect oral cancer in a timely

manner through recognition of potentially malignant changes or cancerous lesions in their earliest possible or initial stage Mehrotra et al., point out two approaches:

ORAL CANCER SCREENING PROGRAMS

which identify asymptomatic patients with suspected lesions and SPECIFIC DIAGNOSTIC STEPS for determination of dysplasia and primary oral carcinoma in asymptomatic patients with oral abnormalities RAISING OF AWARENESS at the general population and access to oral health services in all segments of the public health system

RESULTS & DISCUSSION

The survey included 60 patients divided into two examined groups. The study group (N1) was consisted of 30 patients with diagnosed potentially malignant oral lesions - precancerous, while the study group (N2) was consisted of 30 patients with oral lesions with a previous history of malignant oral disease - local recurrences.