









Ohrid, 15<sup>th</sup> - 18<sup>th</sup> Septembe r 2022

### THE ROLE OF ORAL EXFOLIATIVE CYTOLOGY IN DETECTION OF ORAL MALIGNANCIES

**CONGRESS OF MACEDONIAN DENTAL SOCIETY** 

WITH INTERNATIONAL PARTICIPATION

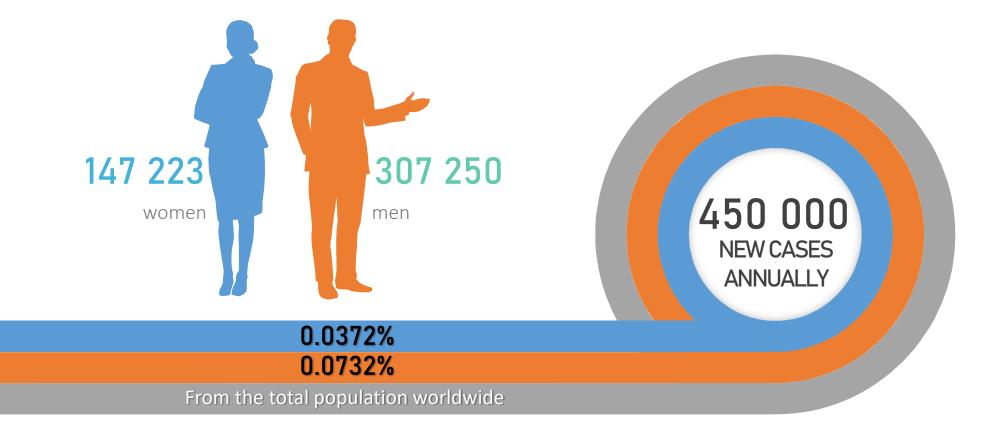
Bajrami Muhamet, <mark>Nikolovski Bruno,</mark> Radojkova Nikolovska Vera, Dimova Cena, Spirov Vanco, Popovska Mirjana

Faculty of medical sciences, Goce Delcev University, Stip

University dental clinical center St. Pantelejmon, Clinic for oral surgery and implantology Skopje, North Macedonia

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#### Total number of patients with CSR distribution by sex



https://www.nidcr.nih.gov/research/data-statistics/oral-cancer/prevalence

# Approaches to solving

to improve EDUCATION FOR

**CLINITIANS** for detect oral cancer in a timely

manner through recognition of potentially malignant changes or cancerous lesions in their earliest possible or initial stage Mehrotra et al., point out two approaches:

#### ORAL CANCER SCREENING PROGRAMS

which identify asymptomatic patients with suspected lesions and SPECIFIC DIAGNOSTIC STEPS for determination of dysplasia and primary oral carcinoma in asymptomatic patients with oral abnormalities RAISING OF AWARENESS at the general population and access to oral health services in all segments of the public health system

## **RESULTS &** DISCUSSION

The survey included 60 patients divided into two examined groups. The study group (N1) was consisted of 30 patients with diagnosed potentially malignant oral lesions - precancerous, while the study group (N2) was consisted of 30 patients with oral lesions with a previous history of malignant oral disease - local recurrences.