PATIENT WITH SEVERE MENTAL ILLNESS AND COVID 19

Stojka Dokuzova, Gordana Kamceva Mihailova, Slavica Jordanova Clinical Hospital Shtip Patients with severe mental illness including schizophrenia, bipolar disorder and major depressive disorder are vulnerable population.

Sanctions affected by the Covid 19 such as quarantine, worse lifestyle factors, stigmatization, may increase stress and mental illness.

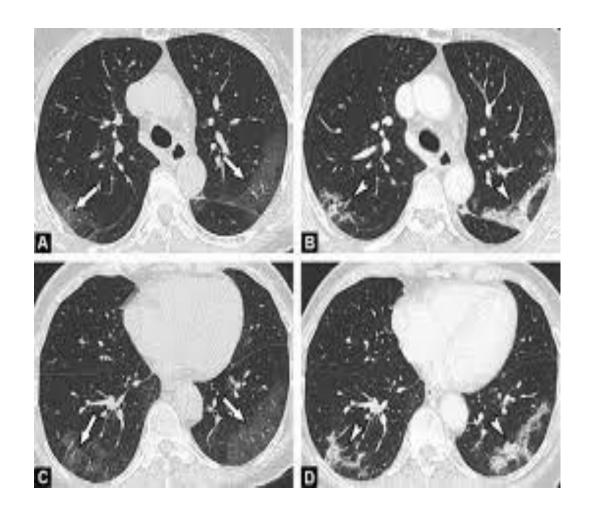
This patients are at higher risk of severe Covid 19 infection and complications and can be exposed to more barriers in accessing timely health services.

At internal department in room for suspected patients of Covid 19 was hospitalized a female patient with SMI.

At department of Cardiology were done echocardiography (EF=45%,Ao=32,LA-35,IVS=15, patological septal moving, LBBB, D-dimeri=2210...1450...1350, crp=2,1...ac.uricum=808,urea=16...creatinin=243...LDH=27 3...LE=4,62...ER=3,84...PLT=451.

Evaluation of thyroid gland-heterogenous structure, carotidography, echo of abdominal and urogenital tract...after strong heteroanamnesis of her brother and TT of 37C degree with positive epidemiological questionarre and later positive result of Covid 19 she was transferred with all protocols to Department of Infective disease.

KT scan



CT of chest(native)-Bilateral extensive ground glass opacification with a periferal and posterior distribution, interstitional billateral pneumonia and emphysema pulmonum.

Results-Covid 19-28.06.2020(+); 10.07.2020(-); 12.07.2020(-);

Therapy for home-Tbl.Xarelto a 20 mg, IxI;Tbl.Vit C a I gr,2xI;Tbl.B-complex IxI;(10 days);

CAD and COPD at patients with SMI increase the risk of Covid 19 and unpredictable events.