

BIOLOGICAL HAZARDS UNIT

4th Meeting of the MRA Network 16th June 2010, Parma







STRATEGY FOR FOOD RISK ASSESMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA

Prof. Vaso Taleski, MD. PhD, Microbiologist Head of Centre for Preventive Medicine Skopje, Macedonia

D-r Marina Domazetovska-Popovska Food Directorate Skopje, Macedonia



Prof. Vaso Taleski, MD. PhD, Microbiologist Head of Centre for Preventive Medicine Skopje, Macedonia

The FEMS Executive Committee			
■ <u>President:</u>	Milton da Costa	РТ	
■ <u>Vice President:</u>	Bernhard Schink	DE	
■ <u>Vice President-elect:</u>	Jean Claude Piffar	etti	CH
■ <u>Secretary-General:</u>	Tone Tønjum	NO	
■ <u>Treasurer:</u>	Maurice Lock	UK	
Publications Manager:	Fergus Priest	UK	
■ Grants Secretary:	Vaso Taleski	MK	
■ <u>Member-at-Large:</u>	Roland Koerner	UK	
■ Congress Coordinator:	Hans Wolf	DE	Mar.



FEMS- Federation of European Microbiological Societies 46 member societies from 36 European countries, over 30.000 microbiologists

FEMS is...

- the voice of microbiology in Europe
- a network of European microbiologists with worldwide connections
- Europe's connection to microbiology

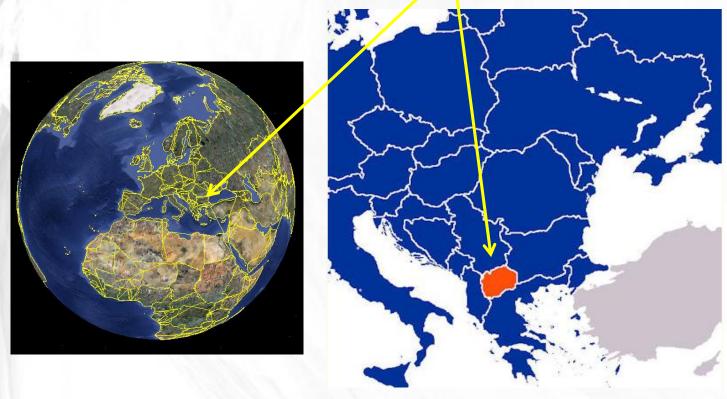


To advance and unify microbiology knowledge



REPUBLIC of MACEDONIA





Total area of 25,333 km² (9,781 sq mi) 2002 census TOTAL = 2,022,547 inhabitants

Member of the UN and the Council of Europe Candidate for EU and NATO membership

Central legal Act in food legislation in

R. Macedonia is:

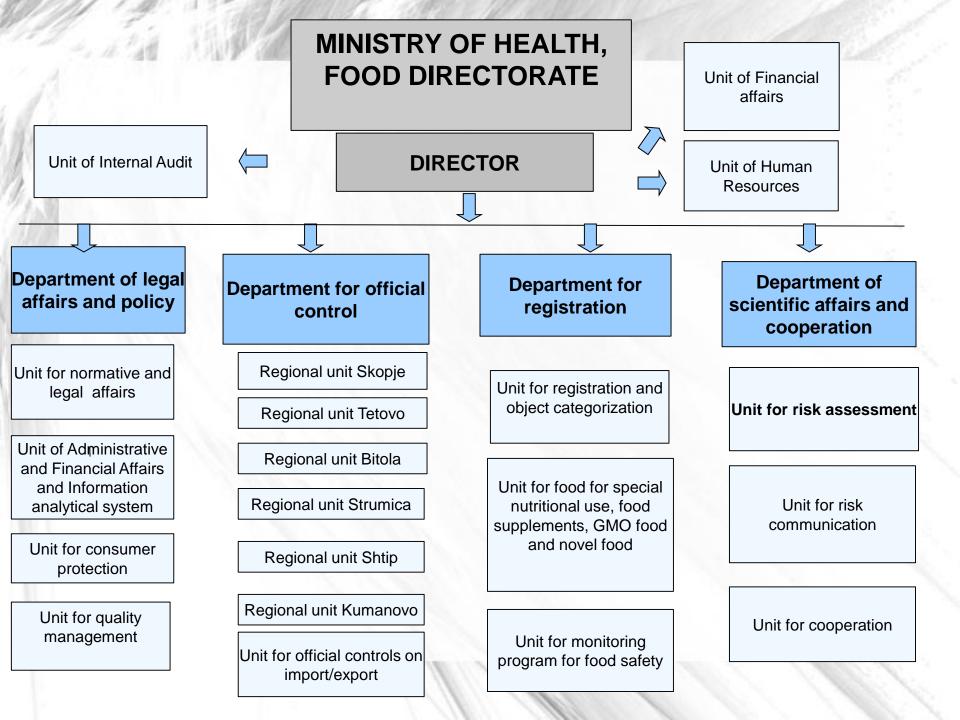
The Law on safety of food and products and materials in contact with food

(O.G. of R.M. No. 54/02 and 84/07)

GOVERNMENT of REPUBLIC of MACEDONIA CMC MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE, **MINISTRY OF FORESTRY AND HEALTH** WATER ECONOMY Food Phytosanitary State Agriculture Veterinary **Directorate** Inspection Directorate Directorate **National** Faculty of Faculty of Regional Institute for Veterinary Agricultural Centers for Public Health Sciences and Food Medicine Public Health (10)

Authorities for control of food safety:

- Ministry of Health
 - Food Directorate (~100 employees,
 60 inspectors)
- Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water economy
 - Veterinary Directorate
 - Agricultural Inspection
 - Phytosanitary Directorate



Risk Assment Unit

- Creating database, analytical processing of data
- Analysis of data provided from other authorities
- Prepares information about potential risks
- Prepares guidlines intended for food bussiness operators
- Prepares Risk categorization models
- Carries out the first two steps of the risk analysis :
 - hazard identification;
 - hazard characterization;

Sources of scientific information

- scientific studies
- national food safety database
- national food monitoring data
- national human health surveilances and laboratory diagnostic data
- disease outbreak investigations
- national food consumptions surveys
- risk assessment carried out by other governments
- international food safety databases
- international risk assessment (JECFA, JEMRA, JMPR)

Published Scientific studies and opinions

- Scientific opinions of the EFSA's panels published in "The EFSA Journal":
- Scientific opinion of the Panel of Contaminants regarding Nitrates in Vegetables;
- Opinion of the scientific Panel on Food Additives, Flavourings, Processing Aids and Materials in contact with Food (AFC) regarding carcinogenity study on aspartame;
- Scientific Opinion of the Panel on Food Additives and Nutrient regarding the use of taurine and D-glucurono-γ-lactone as constituents of the so-called "energy" drinks

National Food Safety Database

- Data from regular official control by food inspectors;
- Data from self control by food operators;
- According to annual plan preparing the reports (every three months and annual);
- Annual plan through the Ministry of health is submitted to the Government of RM
- comparative analysis (2005/2006/2007..)
- published reports on www.moh.gov.mk

Risk Assessment Methodology

Basic components of the risk assessment:

- **1.Hazard identification**-identification of biological, chemical and physical agents capable of causing adverse health effects and which may be present in a particular food or group of foods.
- **2.Hazard characterization-** the qualitative and/or quantitative evaluation of the nature of the adverse effects associated with specific hazard, which may be present in the food.

Risk Assessment Methodology

Steps that Risk Assessment Unit doesn't carry out:

- **3.Exposure assessment-**characterizes the amount of hazard consumed by various members of the exposed population.
- **4.Risk characterization-** the qualitative and/or quantitative estimation, including attendant uncertainties, of the probability of occurence and severity of known or potential adverse health effects in a given population based on previous three steps.

National Food Monitoring Data

microbiological parameters,

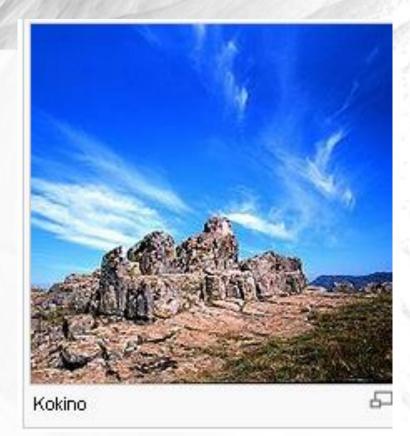
pesticide residues, heavy metals, mycotoxins.....

Outbreak investigations,

International Food Safety Database.



Korab mountain, the highest mountain in the country.



Megalithic observatory special stone markers used to track the movement of the Sun and Moon on the eastern horizon, UNESCO's World Heritage Site more than 3800 years old, from Early Bronze Age













Monument of saints Cyril and Methodius

- >Lake Ohrid It is one of Europe's deepest 288 m (940 ft) and oldest lakes (4-10 million years), area of 358 km², >unique aquatic ecosystem with more than 200 endemic species (Ohrid troud)
- >Declared a World Heritage site by UNESCO in 1979

