

Х КОНГРЕС ПО ЧИСТА И ПРИМЕНЕТА ХЕМИЈА НА СТУДЕНТИТЕ ОД МАКЕДОНИЈА (со меѓународно учество)

10th CONGRESS OF PURE AND APPLIED CHEMISTRY OF STUDENTS FROM MACEDONIA (with international participation)

Организационен одбор

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110

1130

1145

12³⁰

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ΠΕΤΟΚ / FRIDAY, 18.10.2013

Амфитеатар / Amphitheater

ПЛЕНАРНИ ПРЕДАВАЊА / PLENARY LECTURES

930-1000	I was a
9 -10	Jane Bogdanov
	NATURAL PRODUCTS - CONTEMPORARY AND CLASSICAL
10 ⁰⁰ -10 ³⁰	APPROACHES FOR THEIR ANALYSIS
	Sandra Dimitrovska-Lazova
	RECENT ADVANCES IN PEROVSKITE-TYPE MATERIALS
	УСНИ COOПШТЕНИЈА / ORAL PRESENTATIONS
10^{30} - 10^{45}	Biljana Balabanova, Trajče Stafilov, Katerina Bačeva
	ASSESSMENTS OF THE CONTENT OF ALL FIRM
	ASSESSMENTS OF THE CONTENT OF 21 ELEMENTS IN BRYOPHYT
	SPECIES (Hypnum cupressiforme, Scleropodium purum AND Camptotecium
	lutescens) FOR ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION IMPACT OF LEAD-
10 ⁴⁵ -11 ⁰⁰	ZINC FLOTATION PLANT
	Bojana Dimovska, Robert Šajn, Katerina Bačeva, Trajče Stafilov
	MONITORING OF AIR POLLUTION WITH HEAVY METALE IN
1100-1115	BITOLA AND ITS ENVIRONS
	Marjan Mihajlov, Lambe Barandovski, Robert Šajn, Trajče Stafilov
	SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF HEAVY METALS IN SOILS FROM THE
1115-1130	REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA
	Marija Gjorgievska, Sandra Dimitrovska-Lazova, Slobotka Aleksovska
	STATHESIS AND STRUCTURE OF NICKEL CONTAINING
11 ³⁰ -11 ⁴⁵	PEROVSKITES PrCr _x Ni _{1-x} O ₃ ($x = 0.033, 0.5, 0.67$ and 1)
	Svetlana Angelovska, Trajče Stafilov Katerina Račeva
	MOSS BIOMONITORING OF AIR POLLUTION WITH HEAVY METALS
	IN THE VICINITY OF Pb-Zn MINE "TORANICA" NEAR THE TOWN OF
	KRIVA PALANKA
1145-1200	Stanko Ilić Popov, Trajče Stafilov, Robert Šajn, Claudiu Tanaselia
	DISTRIBUTION OF TRACE ELEMENT IN WATER FROM RIVER
	VARDAR AND ITS TRIBUTARIES
12 ⁰⁰ -12 ¹⁵	Filip Jovanovski, Blagica Cekova
	NANO-SILVER
$12^{15} - 12^{30}$	
	Viktorija Bezovska, Filip Jovanovski, Blagica Cekova
	ZEOLITES AS NANO MATERIAL AND THEIR APPLICATION IN WASTEWATER TREATMENT
	WASTEWATER TREATMENT
1230-1300	ПАУЗА (кафе, чај, сок) / BREAK (coffee, tea, juice)
	of (kupe, 4aj, cok) / BREAK (coffee, fea, juice)
13^{00} - 13^{15}	Elizabeta Mickoska, Valentin Mirčeski
	AN ELECTROCATALYTIC OXIDATION OF SHI FITES ON CRAPHITE
	PASTE ELECTRODE MODIFIED WITH ACETYLFERROCENE FOR
	OXIDATION OF SULFITES
	Section School Section

ASSESSMENTS OF THE CONTENT OF 21 ELEMENTS IN BRYOPHYTE SPECIES (Hypnum cupressiforme, Scleropodium purum AND Camptotecium lutescens) FOR ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION IMPACT OF LEAD-ZINC FLOTATION PLANT

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In order to assess the contribution of emission sources to the pollution of areas remote from industrial facilities, a combined approach of factor analysis and multivariate statistics was used for detecting the origin of heavy metal pollution in the vicinity of lead and zinc mine and flotation plant. Three moss species (Hypnum cupressiforme, Scleropodium purum and Camptotecium lutescens) were used as biomonitors for determination the air-distribution of total 21 elements. The values for the metals contents were determined in moss samples by atomic emission spectrometry with inductively coupled plasma (ICP-AES). Data processing was applied with combinations of multivariate statistical methods: factor analysis, principal component analysis and cluster analysis, enabled discrimination of the lithologic and anthropogenic sources of heavy metals in the mosses. Higher contents of Pb and Zn were assumed (average values 60 and 75 mg kg⁻¹, respectively). The contents of Cd, Cu and Mn were also assumed as anthropogenically influenced from the emission sources, in order of their range values; 0.08-1.73; 4.11-21.4; and 55.5-376 mg kg⁻¹, respectively. Multivariate factor analysis produced two factors (F1 and F2), expressed as statistically significant elements associations. The first factor associates Ag, Ba, Cd, Cu, Fe, K, Mg, Mn, Mo, Na, Pb and Zn, while the second factor associates Al, Cr, Li, and V. Principle component analysis was used for visualizing the correlations between factor components extracted from the elements contents (as variable) and the expressiveness of three moss species (as cases). No characteristic correlation was found to the element contents vs. individual moss species; higher contents of the anthropogenically introduced elements (Cd, Cu, Mn, Pb and Zn) positively correlate with the distance from the pollution source (lead and zinc flotation tailings).

Key words: Air pollution, heavy metals, biomonitoring, moss species, multivariate analysis